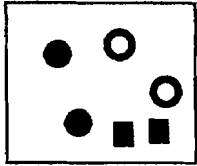
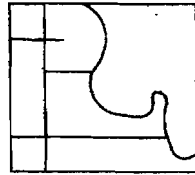


### 問答題

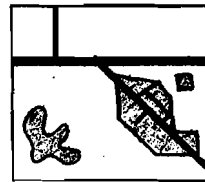
一、請問台灣採用的橫麥卡托投影以幾度分成一個帶？中央標準經線在那裡？單位是什麼？12%



圖一



圖二



圖三

二、請將圖一中的形狀符號改由另外一種定性符號來取代。18%

三、請將圖二依 Hierarchical Organization 與 Figure-ground Organization 加以修整或添加、刪減，並請說明。20%

四、請問如何分辨大比例尺與小比例尺。10% 請依比例尺概念將圖三加以縮小。10%

五、請依下列敘述「竹仔湖在 1951-1960 年間一月到十二月每月的平均溫度為攝氏 11.3, 12.3, 14.6, 17.7, 21.1, 23.2, 24.4, 24.2, 22.8, 18.9, 16.2, 13.3 平均降雨量為 300.2, 282.9, 210.1, 208.0, 226.6, 249.8, 315.7, 384.2, 586.3, 669.4, 728.4, 531.3 公釐」畫出圖與表 20%

六、請搭配下圖將下文作一簡單解釋 10%

The Munsell circle of 100 equally spaced hues. The 10 major hues, 10 steps apart, are named R (red), YR (yellow-red), Y (yellow), GY (green-yellow), G (green), BG (blue-green), B (blue), PB (Purple-blue), P (Purple), and RP (red-purple). They increase in chroma outward from an achromatic neutral gray, N (neutral), at the center. Hues opposite one another on the circle are called complementary hues.

